

OPTIMIZING REVENUE AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN YOUR RHC

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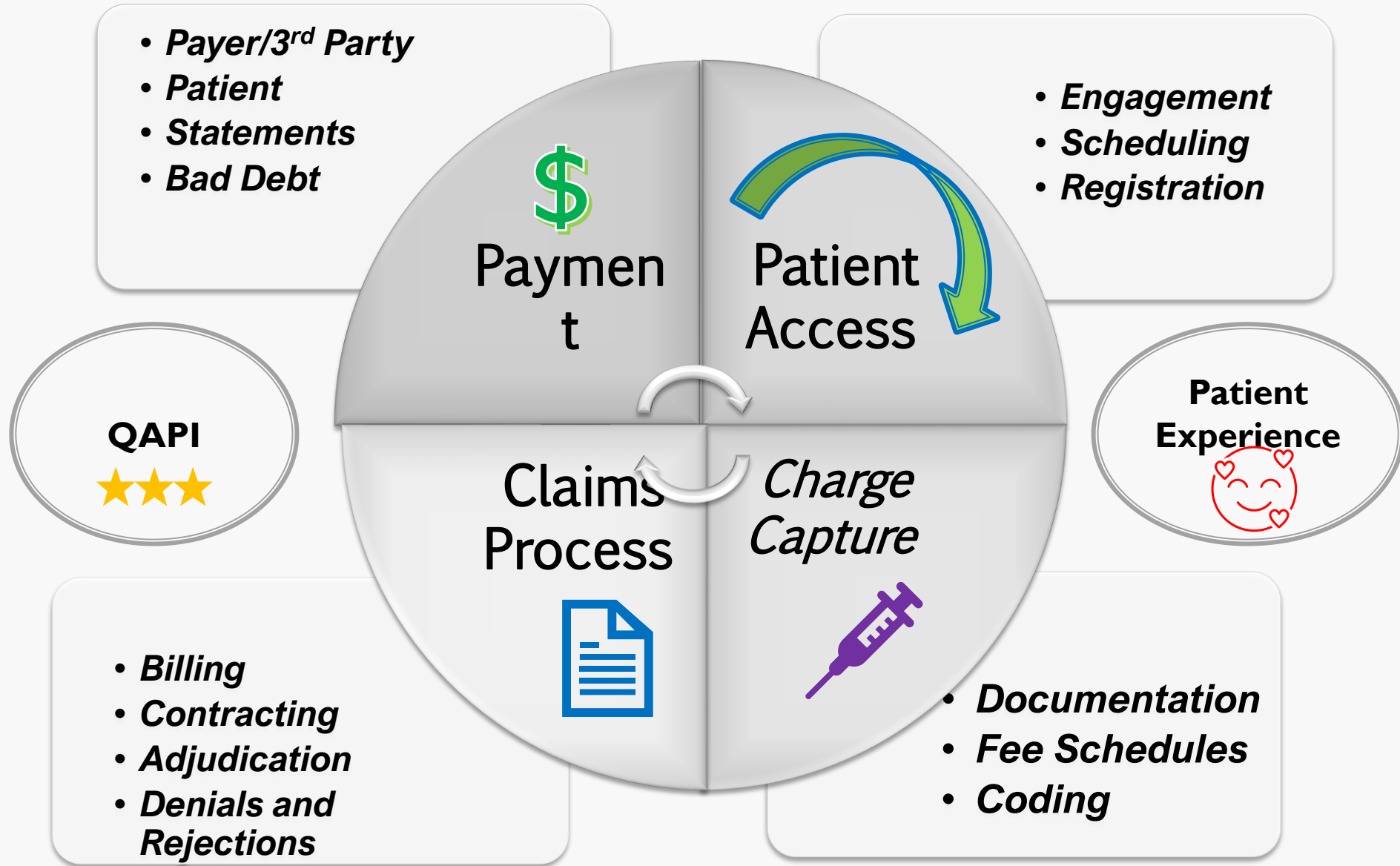
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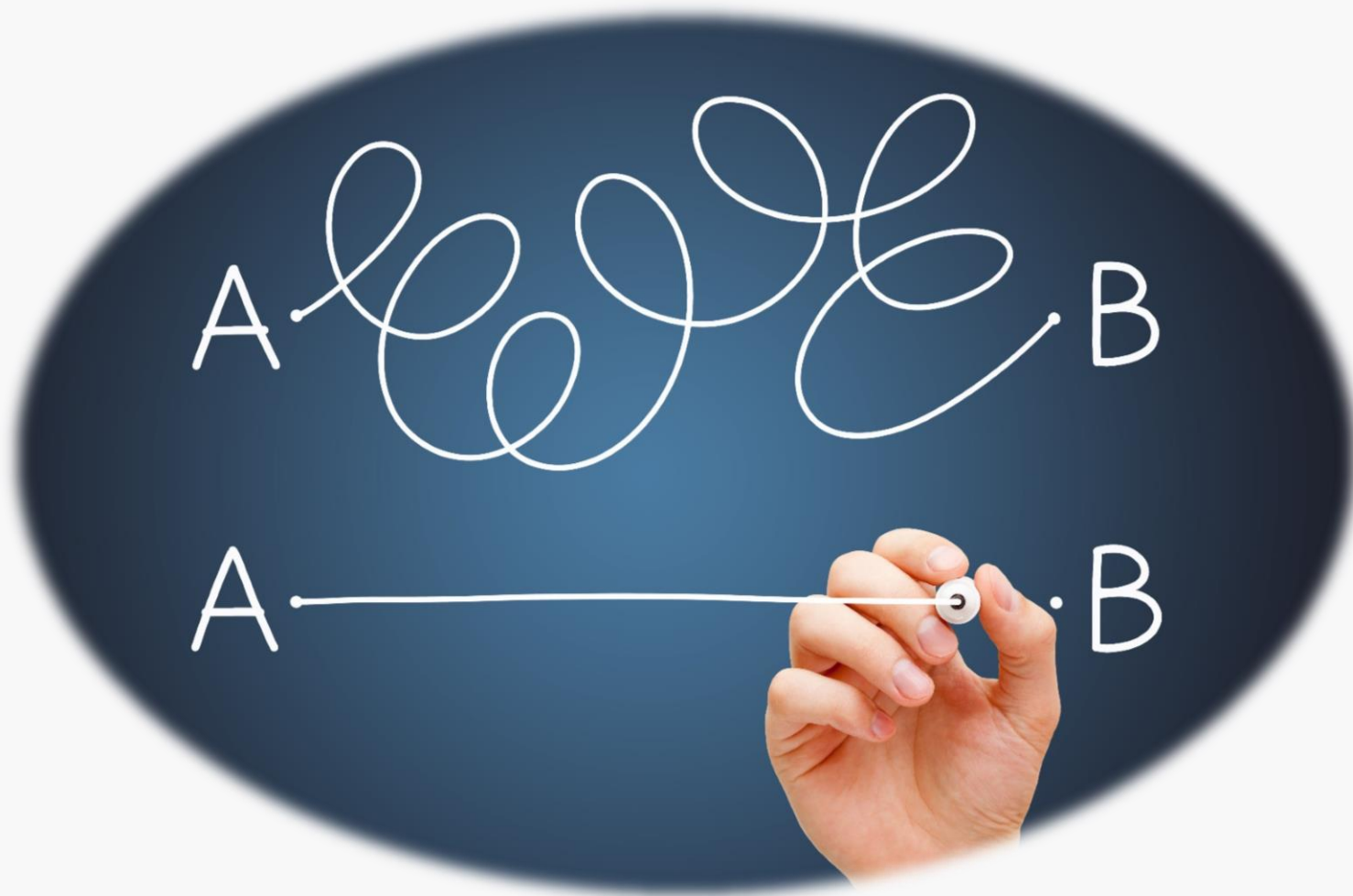
REVENUE CYCLE IMPROVEMENT

Understanding the revenue cycle processes
Opportunities for improvement

Revenue Cycle: All of the administrative, clinical and financial workflows which represent the “life cycle” of a patient account from patient engagement through payment resolution for an encounter, an episode of care or a series of recurring encounters.

The inter-related functions, when executed efficiently, result in the maximum net reimbursement (net revenue) in the shortest amount of time (net A/R days). A weakness in any of the individual processes can directly affect the overall revenue cycle performance.





The revenue cycle fixes are relatively simple once you identify where the failures are. Fix it at the point of failure not just one at a time.

**1.
Patient
Access**

- ✔ ***Patient Engagement***
- ✔ ***Marketing***
- ✔ ***Community Perception***
- ✔ ***Ease and Speed of Scheduling***
- ✔ ***Registration and Admission Experience***
- ✔ ***Customer Service Model***

Who exactly are your patients?

Who are your prospective

patients?

Know the demographic profile of your community or service area:



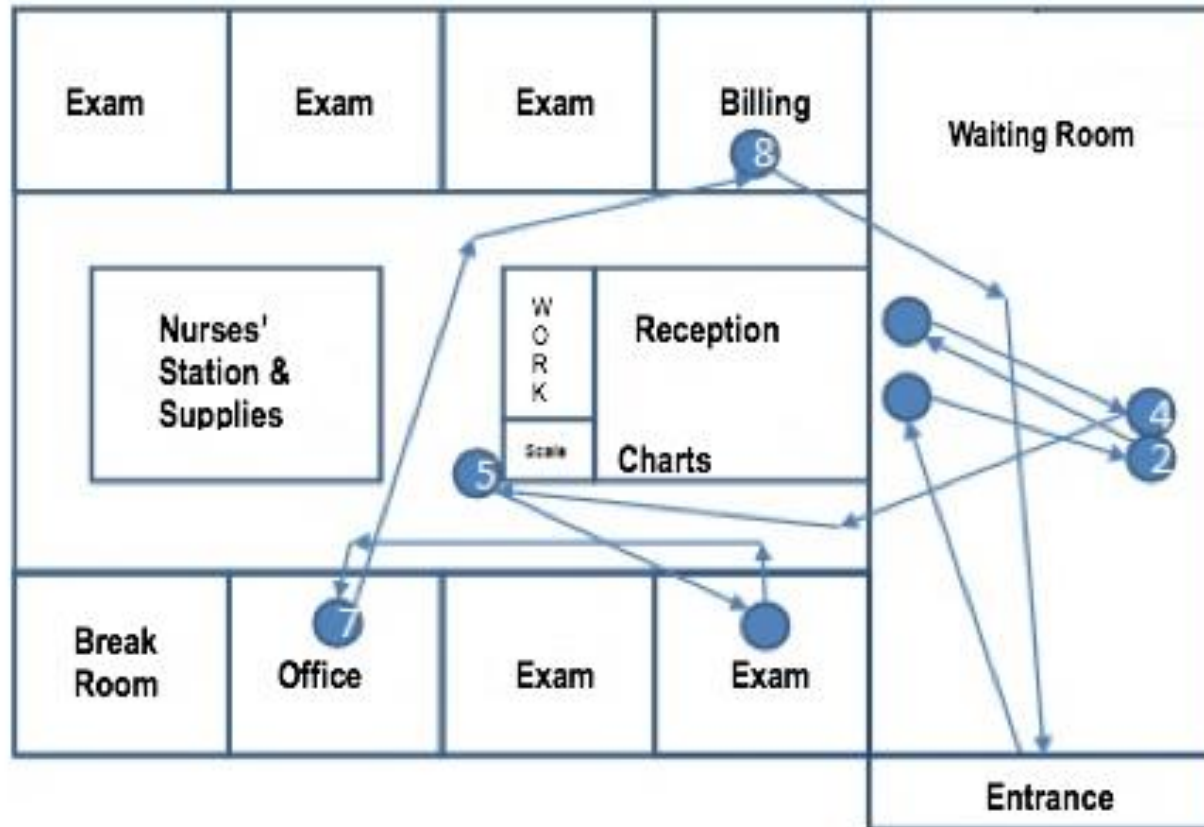
- Age
- Gender
- Ethnicity
- Health & Insurance Status
- Income
- Educational Attainment
- Average Commute Time
- Household status
- Competition/Referral Base

Do an “I” exam!



- Are you stuck in your old ways?
- Are you getting in your own way?
- Are you provider or patient-centered?
- Are you meeting your patients where they are?
- Are you competitive?
- Are you convenient?
- Are you empowering your employees and staff?
- Are you building a team?

Identify Patient Workflow



Step	Begin	End	Activities	Elapsed Time
1	2:25	2:25	Sign in	0
2	2:25	2:30		5
3	2:30	2:33	Ins. card, co-pay, updates	3
4	2:33	2:40		7

Follow the motion to identify areas for improvement; eliminate redundancy; ensure charge capture; and streamline processes for both patients and staff.

Spaghetti Mapping

Common Roadblocks in Patient Access/Registration

- Not having the right people in those roles. Making sure the front desk understands how important they are. Update job descriptions and job codes.
- Staff not adequately trained or don't have the tools they need. Don't assume they know what to do.
- Establishing medical necessity or getting authorization prior.
- Incomplete/poorly designed forms/duplicated info.
- Patient demographics not verified.
- Health plan not verified.

- ✔ Registration errors/omissions.
- ✔ Payer tables not well maintained—too messy to pick correct one. Tables need cleaning up.
- ✔ Secondary Medicare Payer questionnaire
- ✔ Third-party liabilities/Workers Comp determination.
Make sure your staff is knowledgeable about how different health plans are structured.
- ✔ Understand High Deductible Plans and off-setting HSA and MSAs.

Upfront/POS Collections

- ✔ Have a financial counselor or supervisor available to discuss payment options. Protect your patient access staff from confrontation.
- ✔ Verify coverage and deductibles in advance. Use system add-in tools to reduce on-phone time or bottlenecks. Register with payer portals.
- ✔ Train staff to be casual but direct about the patient's anticipated cost share of the service.
- ✔ Good customer service does not mean we are too nice to take care of business.

2.
**Services
Provided**

- ✔ *Communication and Education*
- ✔ *Medical Necessity*
- ✔ *Charge Capture Processes (clinical side)*
- ✔ *Clinical Documentation*
- ✔ *Optimization of Technology*
- ✔ *Chargemaster and GL Mapping (finance side)*

Aspects of Providing or Rendering Clinical Services

- ✔ Patient Interface/Patient Experience
- ✔ Staff Training and Skill
- ✔ Documentation of Services
- ✔ Technology: Hospital or Clinic Information System, Clinical Equipment, Medical Record
- ✔ Clinical Documentation
- ✔ Charge Capture
- ✔ Financial Policies: Pricing Transparency, Patient Education and Counseling, Staff Training

RHC Service Line Opportunities

- Create service lines which meet the patient demographics of your service area or for the population you want to reach.
- Make sure those services are qualified RHC services. Discuss new services with your RHC Consultant/Cost Report Preparer.
- Do what you can do best
- Don't be a copycat.
- Explore:
 - Patient Centered Medical Home
 - Care Management Services
 - Home or Residential Services
 - Swing Bed Services
 - Open Access Scheduling

COMMON PROBLEMS WITH CHARGE CAPTURE AND CLINICAL DOCUMENTATION

Common Roadblocks in Charge Capture

- Workflow inefficiencies—redundancy in processes, redundancy in footsteps, redundancy in data collection.
- Poorly designed templates or forms
- Illegible or poorly designed notes (handwritten)
- System limitations and security matrix problems
- System Tables/Files not updated or linked correctly
- Visits or Days not Reconciled

- Missed Charges (Who enters what? How captured? Who audits?)
- Other Charge Errors
- System Descriptions/Naming Conventions
- Hybrid Charge Capture
- Charges for services not performed; wrong service captured.
- Late Charges
- Chargemaster/Fee schedule errors (code mismatches, obsolete codes, missing codes)
- Failure to update fee schedules

- ✔ Services Performed but not documented or not captured. Sub-system crossover problems.
 - ✔ Lab
 - ✔ Injections and Infusions
 - ✔ Nursing Services
 - ✔ Provider Services (Bedside)
 - ✔ Pharmacy
 - ✔ Imaging

- ✔ Order not on chart/ Telephone Orders

- ✔ Chief Complaint not addressed or Diagnosis is inconsistent with CC.

- ✔ Discrepancies in the Record (gender/laterality/HPI & Exam)
- ✔ Diagnosis Sequencing is incorrect
- ✔ Diagnoses coded that were not addressed/related to visit.
- ✔ Lab results not on chart or reviewed
- ✔ Poorly Designed or Written Notes/Templates
- ✔ **Inadequate EHR Mastery**
- ✔ **Unsigned or Incomplete Records (30 days?)**
- ✔ **Bills on hold for provider review/finalization.**

3.

Claims Process

- ✔ *Contracting and Credentialing*
- ✔ *NUBC Guidelines*
- ✔ *System Configuration*
- ✔ *Edits*
- ✔ *RTP*
- ✔ *Claim Adjudication*
- ✔ *Managing Denials*

DELAYS AND HOLD-UPS IN CLAIMS PROCESSING

- ✔ Clearinghouse/Software Problems/EDI Issues
- ✔ Submitting Duplicate Claims
- ✔ Missing or incomplete patient information
- ✔ Claim submitted to wrong payer
- ✔ Use of non-specified diagnosis or procedure codes
- ✔ Conflicts with payer's business rules
- ✔ Sometimes payers do make mistakes

Best Practices in Claims Management

- Start with Patient Access/Registration because it's where the claim is created.
- It's easier to prevent denials in the first place than to correct them on the back end.
- Have periodic internal “tracer” audits as part of your revenue cycle function as well as your compliance plan.
- Establish relationships with your partners: Payers, Clearinghouse, Outsourced Vendors.

4. Payment

- ✔ *Deductibles and Coinsurance*
- ✔ *Primary Insurance*
- ✔ *Secondary Insurance*
- ✔ *Patient Responsibility*
- ✔ *Transparency*
- ✔ *Patient Statements*
- ✔ *Financial Policies*
- ✔ *Managing Bad Debt*

MAXIMIZING COLLECTIONS

- ✔ Educate and train staff about:
 - ✔ Deductibles and Coinsurance
 - ✔ Types of Insurance Plans
 - ✔ Financial Policies
 - ✔ Script them, if necessary.
- ✔ Educate patients about financial responsibility.
- ✔ Be caring but not apologetic.
- ✔ Have clear financial policies. Apply them consistently.
- ✔ Have online payment options and point of service payment options. Make it easy.
- ✔ Be timely in filing, in sending statements and in managing bad debt.

Getting Paid Quickly: It is Possible!

- ✔ Patient Access staff must know how to talk about patient responsibility.
- ✔ Insurance Verification is worth the cost.
- ✔ Establishing Medical Necessity is **NECESSARY**.
- ✔ Timeliness in everything. Being proactive.
- ✔ Speak up—payers make mistakes, know how to escalate an issue, clear communication.

BUILDING AN EFFECTIVE REVENUE CYCLE TEAM

- Recognize Individual Strengths, Knowledge and Skills
- Leave Personal Agendas Outside the Door
- Strive for a Common Goal or Outcome. Be missional.
- Seek for Performance and Process Improvement
- Incentivize In a Way that Strengthens Your Team

- Prevent Silo-ing!
- Encourage Collaboration
- Reward Problem-solving and creativity
- No one gets thrown under the bus!
- Zero tolerance for blame-shifting
- Accountability and Responsibility

- Maintain community engagement.
- Timely and Clear Statements
- Create Buy-In
- Positive patient-staff-community relationships
- Help patients overcome doubts about technology
- Remember that the patient is our customer. Know your community demographics.

SHOULD YOU
OUTSOURCE PARTS
OF YOUR REVENUE
CYCLE
MANAGEMENT?

Pros & Cons of Outsourcing RCM in Rural Healthcare

Pros

- ✔ Can Fill Skill and Rural Workforce Gaps
- ✔ Advanced Health Information Technology
- ✔ Standardized Processes
- ✔ Economy of Scale
- ✔ Objective Input

Cons

- ✔ Loss of Local Workforce
- ✔ Moving Processes farther from the Knowledge Base
- ✔ Loss of Staff Engagement/Buy-in
- ✔ Loss of Control
- ✔ “Rural” is different

- ✔ Enter 3rd party relationships with clear expectations
- ✔ Establish and maintain clear communication
- ✔ Expect routine phone calls, reports, and collaboration.
- ✔ Don't let the tail wag the dog!
- ✔ Evaluate the vendor's performance
- ✔ Maintain local staff involvement and buy-in

MIND THE STORE

AIR calculation

Total Allowable RHC expenses

= AIR (RHC Encounter Rate)
Subject to Upper Payment Limits

Total Visits Meeting the RHC encounter definition

Non-RHC Costs excluded for lab, technical components, medical telehealth, and other non-RHC services. Costs for incident-to services stay in.

If visits increase without costs increasing, the rate decreases.

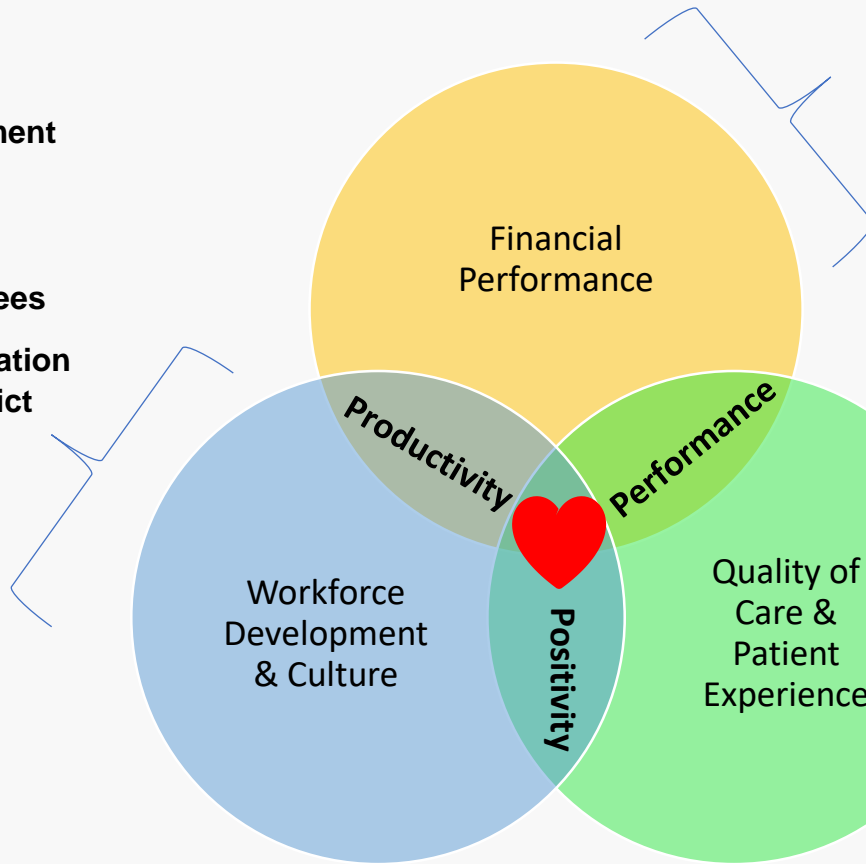
Visits that don't meet the RHC encounter definition are excluded. (nurse visits, medical telehealth, non-RHC services)

Denominator is subject to the productivity standards.


CREATING A CULTURE THAT PROMOTES PRODUCTIVITY, PERFORMANCE AND PROFIT

Healthcare Safety Net Provider Improvement Model*

Leadership Development
 Team-Based/Servant Leadership Models
 Empowering Employees
 Improved Communication Styles/Creative Conflict



Revenue Cycle Performance Improvement
 Consistency of Data Reporting/Accounting Methods
 Optimization of Systems

 = Mission/Vision

“Digestible” QAPI
 Increased Patient Engagement
 Rebranding
 Patient-Centered
 Competitive
 Convenient

QUESTIONS, COMMENTS, DISCUSSION?

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Patty Harper is CEO of InQuiseek Consulting, a healthcare consulting company based in Louisiana. She has over 25 years of healthcare experience in the areas of healthcare finance & reimbursement, health information management, compliance, and practice management. She began her healthcare career as a hospital controller and reimbursement analyst. Patty holds a B.S. in Health Information Administration from Louisiana Tech University. She is credentialed through AHIMA as a RHIA, CHTS-IM, and CHTS-PW. Patty successfully completed AHIMA's ICD-10 Academy and has previously been recognized as an ICD-10 Trainer. She is also Certified in Healthcare Compliance (CHC®) thorough the Compliance Certification Board. Patty is a frequent speaker and contributor for national, state and regional and rural healthcare associations on these and other reimbursement-related topics. Patty currently serves on the Board of NARHC.

